BRISBANE
THIS WEEK

Mussolini Warlike
Supreme Court Power
All Happy There
Learning How to Spend

Mussolini has found the opportunity to show the world what it means when modern "Home" starts moving.

He has mobilized an army with airplanes to supply, tanks and artillery, and the Emperor of Abyssinia, Haile Selassie, must discipline his unruly chiefs that have offended Mussolini by an attack on African colonies, or so much the worse for Ethiopian Selassie, who believes that he is the

Arthur Brisbane

direct descendant of King Solomon and the Queen of Sheba.

Maybe he is, but he will encounter a problem that King Solomon's wisdom could not solve for him when he meets Mussolini's airplanes.

If wise, Selassie will pay the indemnity that Mussolini demands. As a practical business man, Mussolini always asks a little soothing cash. He got some from Greece. Also, Selassie must send the Italian flag, which costs nothing. Mexico would not do that.

One question may surprise you concerning Supreme court decisions setting aside laws passed by the congress and signed by the President, on the ground that congress, in passing the law, had exceeded its constitutional authority. This is the question: Are those Supreme court decisions in themselves unconstitutional?

When the Supreme court, sometimes by a narrow margin of five to four, declares a law unconstitutional and void, is it exceeding its constitutional authority?

Where in the Constitution of the United States do you find authority for the Supreme court power to override congress and the President in the making of laws? This absence of authority is no accident. Those that wrote the Constitution, after long arguing, disputing and many concessions, knew, presumably, what they wanted the Constitution to say. And they did not want it to give the Supreme court the power to veto laws, that it now assumes and exercises.

In London, John Puckering, fifty-eight, apparently dead, was revived after five minutes. Meanwhile, he had gone to heaven, he says. Among other things, came back to tell of them. Souls, evidently, travel more rapidly than light, which takes 100,000,000 years to get outside of the universe as we know it, going 186,000 miles a second. Mr. Pickering says heaven is filled with a "happy crowd."

There were no children. "All were dressed as on earth."

No moths in heaven, of course; no depression either.

Mayor LaGuardia, consulting with President Roosevelt about loans for New York city improvements, again proves that we have at last learned to spend money. Something over $1,100,000,000 would be the preliminary total, for tunnels, highways, public schools, a $150,000,000 housing program, $226,000,000 to bring a better water supply from the Delaware, extension of Park avenue as a broad highway above the railroad cut that the York Central north to the Bronx, elimination of slums and the slum character from the East river shores.

From Ireland comes Jack Doyle, via Mayfair, London, 6 feet 4, handsome face, nice smile, big muscles, telling the truth about himself, whatever the damage to his modesty: "I am not like the usual lowbrow fighter. I'll get up and up and up to the very top."

Mr. Doyle sings "When Irish Eyes Are Smiling" very sweetly. Mr. Max Baer, at present prize-fight champion, cannot sing well, but he, too, has self-confidence: "Jack Doyle's prophecies are all very well. He may go 'up and up and up' but sooner or later on the road up he will meet me, and then he will go down and down and down."

Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., head of General Motors, announces that 30,000 employees, under the company's saving and investment plan, will have $11,000,000 cash dividend among them. The employe who saves $25 a month, the maximum, $300 a year, gets back his $300, plus $321.52, contributed by the company, including $114 for interest. It is rather difficult to persuade men to "arise, ye prisoners of starvation" and "throw off their chains," when one of the chains is attached to an "$11,000,000 melon.

Germany plans an army of 400,000 men, small compared with the kaiser's army. But the real fighting machine hereafter will be located in the air, and, besides, German recruits for the 400,000 army will serve only one year. Instead of four, giving a rapid turn over of trained fighters. At the end of five years Germany would have 2,000,000 men trained to fight. It is likely, however, that whatever is going to happen will happen long before five years are up.

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WNU Service

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Breach Widens Between Administration and Labor—Hauptmann Sentenced to Death—Inquiries Into Causes of Macon Disaster Get Under Way.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD
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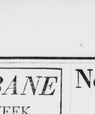
PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT extended no olive branches toward the American Federation of Labor when he signed the cigarette industry code, which labor leaders had declared was "unsatisfactory." The breach between the administration and labor is daily growing wider.


S. Clay Williams

The code, finally signed after months of argument between the tobacco industry and labor, calls for a forty-hour week and minimum wages from 25 to 40 cents an hour. Labor leaders also objected to the presence of S. Clay Williams, administration board chairman, who they declare is not in sympathy with labor. The President issued a curt statement informing the federation council that Williams' services had been satisfactory and that he had no intention of removing him without cause.

The executive council of the federation, composed of William Green and presidents of the federation of seventeen international unions, states that some present administration labor policies are bringing increased unrest among workers which may reach the danger point of widespread strikes unless corrected.

Thus far, the President seems to have had the best of the argument. Labor leaders, however, are expected to push the fight for a "prevailing wage" clause in work relief legislation, thus endangering the administration program.

INQUIRIES into the causes of the "quiver" which ripped away the two gas cells and caused the giant dirigible "Macon" to plunge into the Pacific Ocean started. Even the surviving 81 officers and men of the "Sky Queen" are not certain just what caused the catastrophe, although Lieut. Com. H. V. Wiley, survivor of the Akron disaster and master of the Macon, was said to have "some ideas" about it. His findings will be placed before the board of inquiry.

Some hints were made about structural weakness of the $2,450,000 craft, but naval officers refused to discuss the subject.

In Washington President Roosevelt said there would be no immediate move to replace the ship.

Survivors of the crash told a dramatic story of heroism. Cruising along at a speed of 63 knots, the ship twice lowered its elevation to avoid rain squalls. A third time, as the ship began to take a bow-up position, Commander Wiley received a report that one of the 12 helium gas cells was gone. The Macon then rose rapidly to 4,000 feet, but as it was tilting up at a sharp angle and then slowly sank toward the ocean as the crew made frantic efforts to right the lurching craft.

As it hit the ocean the crew slid down ropes or dived into the heavy swells. Men swam through flame where flares had ignited oil and gasoline, others rescued companions whose lifebelts were lost or torn as they leaps into the sea. The sailors watched the ship crumble under the waves and at last disappear. Only a few were lost. Cruisers rushed to the scene and picked up the survivors.

BRUNO HAUPTMANN will die in the electric chair at Trenton, N. J., during the week of March 18, unless attorneys secure a stay of execution by filing an appeal. The prisoner showed no trace of emotion as the jurors pronounced their verdict and did not break under the strain until after Justice Trenchard had pronounced sentence, and he was returned to the cell. There, his iron will gave way and he sobbed as he sat on his hard iron cot.

The jurors required more than 12 hours to reach their verdict. Two of the women were said to have held out for a recommendation of mercy which would have resulted in a life sentence for the man accused of the murder of the Lindbergh baby, but there was no mention of mercy when the verdict was read.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT eked out a close victory in the senate appropriations committee, when the amendment to cut $2,000,000,000 of relief bill will be defeated by the close vote of 12 to 11. Administration forces scored another victory by the adoption of a compromise amendment to the proposal of Senator Pat McCarran for the payment of prevailing wages on all federal projects. Witnesses testified that McCarran's amendment would have increased the cost of putting 3,500,000 men to work by more than $2,000,000,000 and would have defeated the purpose of the bill.

McCarran did not press his amendment in committee when a substitute was offered, but insists that he will do so on the senate floor. The fight the American Federation of Labor is making on this point is expected to make considerable influence with a number of senators, who fear the wrath of their labor constituents.

The substitute, proposed by Senator Richard B. Russell, and adopted by a vote of 14 to 9, provides that the President shall establish the prevailing rates of pay wherever an investigation discloses that the federal wages of $50 a month are affecting adversely the rates on work of a similar nature. The matter is entirely up to the President, however, and he can take any action or withhold any investigation. Just as he sees fit, which may mean much or nothing.

PREMIER MUSSOLINI found Emperor Haile Selassie of Ethiopia is a man not easily frightened. Il Duce's demands for indemnities for Italian colonials killed on the borders of Italian Somaliland were politely, but firmly, refused. The Ethiopians, undismayed by the vast preparations Italy has been making, declared they would fight to the last drop of blood to preserve their independence, that they would not apologize or make reparations for what they maintain is mercy defense of their own country. This puts Mussolini in an embarrassing position. He must either send an expeditionary force against the Ethiopians and the Nancorainza section, or "after three days of bitter fighting." This offensive, it was thought, might force Estigarribia's northern wing to retreat.

FRANCIS BIDDLE and his national labor relations board took a hand in the controversy between the administration and the American Federation of Labor by offering a substitute for section 7-A of the recovery act "should be clarified." William Green and his fellow leaders of the federation have long contended that the clause, guaranteeing employees rights to bargain collectively, should be enlarged to specify that the majority of employees should have the right to choose the spokesmen for all employees, and that company unions should be barred. The national labor board, which submitted a report of its first six months' work, defended the majority rule at length. As is well known, the administration desires section 7-A continued unchanged in the new NRA law which is in the process of making.

Chancellor Hitler

WITH the full approval of the administration, the army and navy are to receive $40,000,000 to carry out a program of national defense which will consist mainly of improved strongholds on the west coast and in the Pacific. The money, which will be shared equally by the two departments, comes from a $500,000,000 public works fund. Some of the navy's part will be spent along the Atlantic, but the greater part will go for shipyards, docks and bases on the Pacific coast, at Pearl harbor, Hawaii, and at Coco Solo, Canal Zone, which is a submarine base.

Nearly $11,000,000 of the army's share is to be used in beginning the construction of a great air base in Hawaii. The total cost of this base is estimated at $18,000,000.

The decision to use most of the money in the Pacific was said to have been influenced by the fact that the fleet has been concentrated in Pacific waters during much of the past two years. Navy officials stressed before the naval committee, that facilities on the coast are inadequate.

Japan is supposed not to be alarmed by this program, but international leaders having given public and careful assurance that no "defense" is intended and that such propositions as the Hawaii air base would have been put forward even if Japan had not withdrawn from the Washington naval treaty.

At a meeting of the army high command with the military committee of the house these plans for defense were discussed. Secretary of War Gen. Douglas MacArthur, chief of staff, recommended to the committee the purchase of 800 new armored and equipped airplanes at a cost of $90,000,000 to give the army a fighting force second to none, modern aircraft recommended by the Baker aviation committee. These additional aircraft are necessary, MacArthur said in a memorandum, to expand the air general headquarters air force to give it 900 fighting units, for its Pacific, Atlantic and central divisions.

Soon after this meeting the commanders of these three divisions were announced by Brig. Gen. Frank M. Andrews, head of the GHQ air force, Lieut. Col. H. H. Arnold, March field, Calif., was named commander of the Pacific (Pacific) wing with the rank of brigadier general. Lieut. Col. H. A. Pratt, former assistant chief of air corps, was named commander of the second (Atlantic) wing at Langley field, Va., with the rank of brigadier general. Lieut. Col. Gerald C. Brant will command the third (central) wing, Fort Crockett, Texas, with the rank of colonel.

WHETHER he desires it, President Roosevelt will have to face an early test of his strength against that of bonus payment advocates, if present signs are read correctly. Although bonus leaders have been unable to agree among themselves, they insist the plan be brought up for consideration during the present session. Some administration leaders have expressed belief such a step is necessary to prevent a revolt on many of the administration legislation.

The conference to prepare other possible methods of payment is becoming increasingly bitter, Representative Patman, Texas Democrat, author of a bill to pay the bonus in certificates of low issue of new currency, give out a statement asserting that Commander Frank N. Belgrano of the American Legion wanted to finance payment with a bond issue from the bank of which he is vice president receives $1,250,000 in interest annually on $45,000,000 worth of government bonds.

The American Liberty league also issued a statement applauding the President's stand against paying the bonus. The league said the Legion-backed Vinson bill to finance it was "another step in the sale of bonds was "the lesser evil," but asked congress to defeat both of the Patman proposals.

"The President's opposition to immediate payment of the soldiers face value of the bonus certificates is based on sound principles and deserves to be upheld," the statement said.

NINE old gentlemen of vast dignity, comprising the Supreme court of supreme court, conferred together for five hours Saturday. Then, through Clerk Charles C. Cropley, Chief Justice Hughes announced that there would be no decision handed down on the following Monday. Nothing was said about the rest of the week, but it was assumed the ruling on the gold clause cases would not be handed down in advance of the 22nd anniversary of the Lindbergh baby, but there was no mention of mercy when the verdict was read.

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DISPATCHES from Bolivia, which must be taken with several grains of salt, indicate that the Bolivians are meeting with success in defending Villa Montes, their last important stronghold in the disputed Gran Chaco, and that the scissors-like offensive of General Estigarribia, Paraguayan commander in chief, is seriously menaced. It was reported the Bolivians, struggling desperately to relieve the pressure on Villa Montes, had defeated the Paraguayans in the Nancoraínza section "after three days of bitter fighting." This offensive, it was thought, might force Estigarribia's northern wing to retreat.

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Says WILL ROGERS

BEVERLY HILLS.—Well sir I got back home about a week or ten days ago, after prowling high and low in

Wright Patman

Europe and the Near East, and just looked like I was jumping from one conquest table to another like a goat from rock to rock. Jesse Jones, my good friend, head of the R.F.C. was in New York and he phoned me to come on over that he was there to speak at the N. Y. Realty Board. Well I didnt get over there for the dinner, but you can never be too late for the speaking. I got there and told em I come to cry with em, and that I was there as a property owner, that all they had to do was to try to sell it, but that I had to own it so I would be able to cry louder than any of em. They were a fine bunch. We had lots of fun.

Well then on I went and before I left the Baseball Writers were having their big annual sport writers dinner. Thats a great bunch of folks. Well I got out to so very many sporting events on account of having to stay home and play myself, I do read every thing I can lay my hands on. There are some great writers among the sporting writers, real humorous writers and real heart interest writers. Then too baseball is really my onion, I used to go to a great lot of the games in the old vaudeville and Follies days. I knew almost every old time ball player and lots of em are my best friends today. They are a mighty clean living fine type of men, and have raised some fine families.

Well at the Dinner, they put on some awfully clever sketches, its sorter like the great Gridiron Dinner at Washington where the President comes, and they take a hair of everybody. This was like that along the sporting line, they had some good talent among the writers and they must have worked hard on a lot of the well played sketches. I sat by old Dizzy up at the speakers table, and say that old boy looks as good as a speakers table as he does out there when he has got that batter in the hole. He had on a real tuxedo (boughten one) and it fit, and he wasent pulling and hauling at his cuffs and collars. I had to leave right after I finished but I know he made a good speech.

Heywood Broun the famous writer on any and all subjects, made a good speech and he sure tried to get the players plenty of money, and all their fans went to the parks to see the Ruths and Deans and Gehrigs, and all of the famous stars and that nobody went to see the managers. Well I sorter hung along and Broun central in my little cab and tried to say the same thing only not as good. But I did think Dizz ought to have more money. I predicted at the last Worlds Series, and that was early in the Series, not after he had carried it away in his pocket) I said we should replace the Babe. He is also chuck full of personality and he is bonsttul, but its a funny kind of boy. His is a kidding way, and he is always laughing, and he is what they call a natural ball player. He can do anything. Frankie Frisch put him in there to run bases because he can run bases, and he will get a hit off anybody pitching, and he loves to play ball. Will pitch every day if they let him. Well I didnt get over there for the dinner, but you can never be too late for the speaking. I got there and told em I come to cry with em, and that I was there as a property owner, that all they had to do was to try to sell it, but that I had to own it so I would be able to cry louder than any of em. They were a fine bunch. We had lots of fun.

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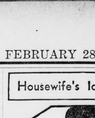
Housewife's Idea Ba

To Remove Scorch Marks

It is almost impossible to ... scorch stains from linen or ... materials. However, the following method often works on linen: ... the spot with a freshly cut ... Later soak the material in ... of cold water and a little ... oxide. Then wash the garment in the usual way.

THE HOUSEWIFE
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Appetite gone

✓ losing weight
✓ nervous
✓ pale
✓ tired

then don't gamble with your health

A simple thing, perhaps ... but serious, too, resulting in loss of strength . . . body weakness . . . possibly many other ills. So why not check-up and snap back to the zest of eating and well being.

You will find S.S.S. a great, scientifically-tested tonic—not just a called tonic, but one specially

You have a right to insist that S.S.S. be supplied upon request. Its long years of preference is your assurance of satisfaction.

Makes you feel like yourself again

S.S.S. TONIC

DOUBLE ACTION. NO CANVAS
A Test Brain work means many dollars to you. Learn Touch Typewriting. Only proof, 25 cents. Free booklet.
TOUCH TYPEWRITING SCHOOL
P. O. Box 852, Rochester, New York

Making Face Creams at Home
Anyone can make a superior cream to start a profitable business. We show you how to put up materials, direct. No equipment required. Write today for free booklet.
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Restores Natural Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 60c and $1.00 at Druggists.
FLORESTON SHAMPOO—Ideal for combined shampoo and hair set. For hair soft and fluffy, 60 cents a package at druggists. Hiscox Chemical Works, Patchogue, N. Y.

EXPECTANT MOTHERS

Mrs. Melba Bice Odell Ga., Box 7 Va. said: "I went through nine months of little grief. I became very nervous, had pains in my back and limbs, and was constipated. I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for different pains. I received such good results that I made me a regular user of it during my confinement. I recommend it to my friends." Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is sold by druggists everywhere in liquid or tablet form, or send $1.50 for large trial package of tablets to Dr. Pierce's Clinic, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

"INSIDE INFORMATION"
For Indigestion or CONSTIPATION
CLEANSE INTERNALLY the tea-cup Garfield Tea acts promptly, pleasantly, MILDLY. Note cure-all, but certainly effective. Five in reason for constipation, drug-taxing. 25c and $1.00
FREE SAMPLE
Write Garfield Tea Co., Dept. Brooklyn, N. Y.

GARFIELD TEA

WNU—4

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Early Life Insurance

Life Insurance was introduced into England by the widows' fund in 1698. Amicable society in 1696. It was introduced from Great Britain to America in Philadelphia, 1759, for the relief of Presbyterian ministers and their widows and children. This was followed by a similar corporation for the benefit of Episcopal clergymen and their widows. The first company to attempt a general business was the Insurance Company of North America organized in Philadelphia in 1794.

GOLDEN DAWN

By PETER B. KYNE

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SYNOPSIS

Theodore Catlin adopts a baby, which he names "Penelope," in a final effort to solve his matrimonial troubles. But his wife has never wanted her, and their affairs and in the divorce court, Ten-year-old Penelope is given into the custody of Mrs. Catlin. At a baseball game a ball strikes Penelope on the nose. Mrs. Catlin spirits the child to Europe. Catlin retires from business, gives all his money, and is about to begin a search for his daughter when a motor accident ends his life. Penelope, a very young psychologist, is presented by Dan McNamara, chief of police, with a "patient—Besides, a girl with a "personality," for which her "saddle horse" is not responsible. McNamara does not think she is a criminal and obtains Nance's testimony in court. Lanny, the doctor's office nurse, is won over despite Nance's hard-boiled exterior. Nance's criminal record outweighs Doctor Burt's explanation of her case and she is sent to San Quentin, penitentiary.

CHAPTER III—Continued
—7—

"You'll do," Nance declared, and went out her hand. Her only reward to exactly what the matron had said it was a small, neat white room, with a steel little bed and wash stand, and a small chest of drawers, no mirror in her own judgment of what was right and what was wrong.

"You old sweetheart," Nance breathed, and kissed her—and at that moment a tall, handsome brunette who had repaid her lover's faithlessness by killing him, and who had been standing around in the hall near the entrance to the visitors' room, moved off down the corridor towards the recreation room. At once a shrill scream penetrated the visitor's room; then another and another—a woman crescendo of cries. "Stop them or they'll hurt each other."

The matron immediately left the visitors' room to quell the disturbance. Instantly Nance Belden drew a thick

Instantly Her Guest Opened It and Abstracted the Letter.

envelope from her bosom, unlocked Lanny's hand-bag and thrust the envelope in. She beamed proudly upon Lanny.

"I staged that ruckus," she confessed. "We have to play the game with each other here, you know—and two lifers obliged me. Good behavior is intelligent to dream of forming any plans for escape. Why, she couldn't get through the gate. She'd have to swim the bay to escape, even if she succeeded in getting through the exit from the woman's quarters and past that suglcious guard in the little house—"

So Lanny made herself a highball and resolved to dismiss all thought of the incident. Nance resolved to give Nance Belden a piece of her mind if and when she decided to visit her again. And she was not at all certain she would make Nance another visit.

Two weeks later, while she was sitting before the fire, reading, her telephone rang and a man's voice said:

"Is this Miss Rebecca Lanning?"

"Yes. Who is this?"

"Never mind. You wouldn't know me if I told you who I am. I'm a friend of Nance Belden's."

"Oh, indeed." Tonelessly. "And who might Nance Belden be?"

Lanny was nobody's fool. On the instant every sense was alert, for if this was a trap set by the authorities, who, in some mysterious way, had got on to the fact that Lanny was a confederate of Nance's, she would be sure to be sent to prison. Penitentiary for the rest of her days